

Community Roadshow:
Introducing Citizen Science
Tools To Hennops River
Revival Community:
A Madiba Month Gesture



29 July 2021

Citizen Based Water Quality Monitoring: why the wait to upscale is over



Our collective challenge!

~ Amanzi Ethu

- Glaring gaps in real-time river health data availability, assimilation and State-of-River understanding
- How BIG is this resource that we are trying to measure/report on/manage?
- How many monitoring stations/technicians/laboratories etc. do we have?
- How many monitoring/management feet do we have on the ground?
- Is this enough to manage the precious resources?

Decreasing monitoring networks, Innovation needs,

Cost issues, Data gaps, lack of HR/resources - Dr Simphiwe Chabalala
(DWS)

- Are we TRULY making a difference in terms of how our water resources are being managed/impacted upon – even as we speak?

The Data/Management Divide!



Our collective challenge!

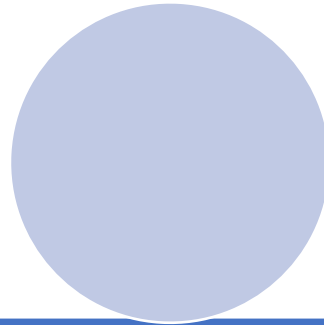
~ how do we manage resources at their current state?



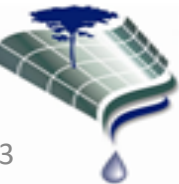
Pristine



Poor

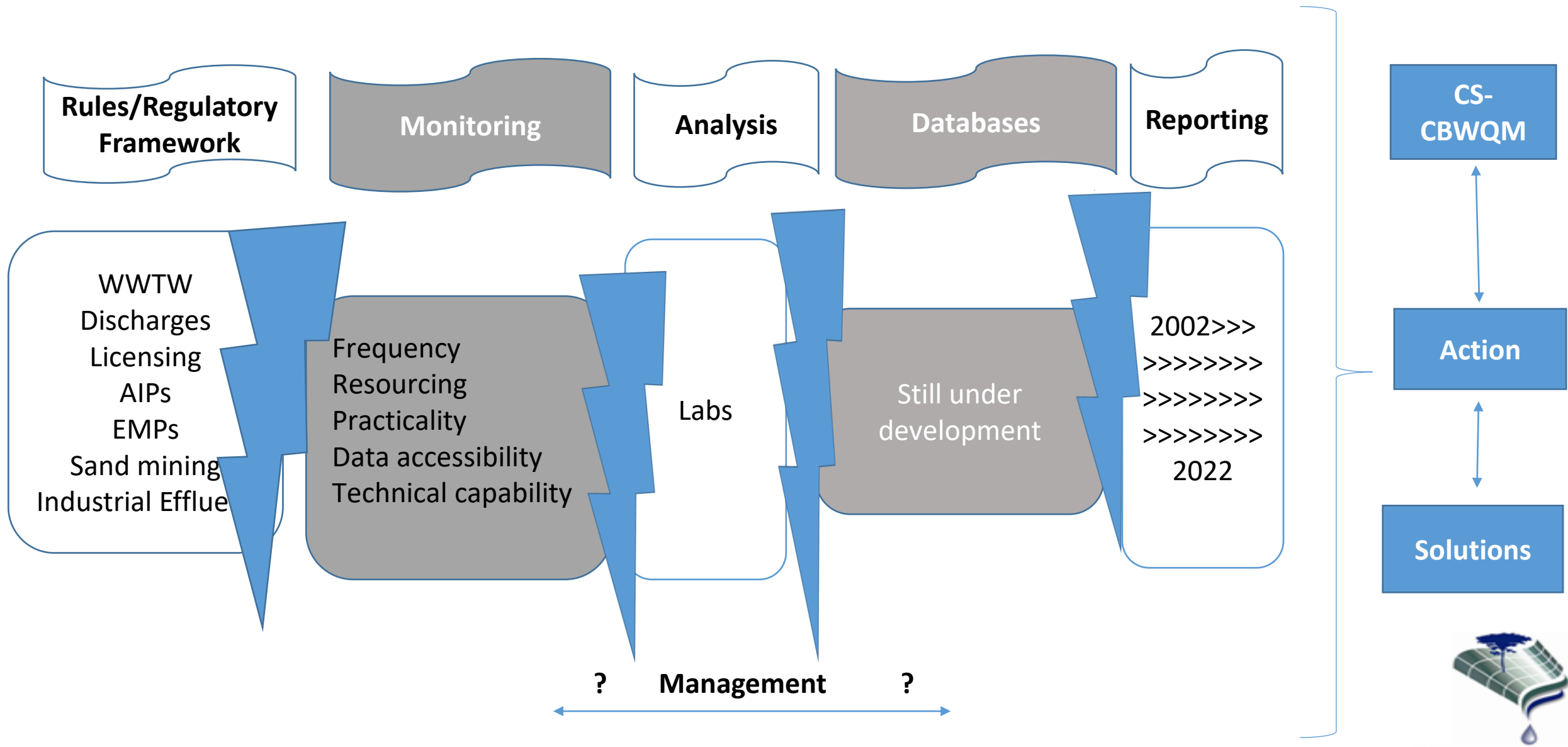


?Management?



Our collective challenge!

~ multiple bottlenecks in the system



People are the problem & solution- Daily Maverick

“24% of these overflows and spillages are caused by maintenance issues like collapsed pipes and root growth. The remaining 76% are due to the illegal disposal of waste in sewers.

Pipes do not just block themselves-the one variable in this is people.”

Comment by Brandon Vantor:

South Africa's rivers of sewage: More than half of SA's treatment works are failing

By Steve Kretzmann, Nompumelelo Mtsweni, Peter Luhanga and Nombulelo Damba

*Daily Maverick, 26 April
2021*



Measuring River Health

How healthy are these rivers? How can you tell?



Measuring River Health

What we look at...



Plants

- Microscopic plants that fish and invertebrates feed on



- Riparian Vegetation

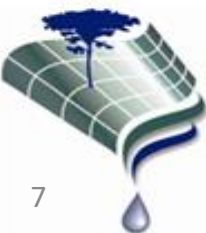


Animals

- Fish



- Macroinvertebrates



What kind of data: Citizen Science vs Lab Samples

River health parameters (Technical/core science)	River health parameters (Citizen Science)
<i>E.coli</i>	CS <i>E.coli</i> kit
YSI rod-Turbidity	Clarity tube
SASS 5	mini SASS
YSI rod-Velocity	Velocity plank



Why do we use macroinvertebrates?

- They are easy to collect and identify
- Different macroinvertebrates have **different sensitivities to pollution.**
- They don't move around a lot so they allow us to find the pollution source.
- They integrate the water quality conditions at a site, providing an overall measure of the health of the river.





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- ☒ miniSASS Observations
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Site Data and Graphs

miniSASS observations



Observation details



Enter observation



Click site on map



Select site from list



Filter observations



Remove filter

Click a miniSASS crab symbol to display details of the observations at



miniSASS observation details

19 Dec 2014

17 Jun 2014

Site Details

River name: uMgeni
Site name: U/SYorkRd Sewer
Site description: Upstream of the York Road Sewer. Adjacent to a wetland.
Latitude (S): -29.48773
Longitude (E): 30.21425
River category: rocky

Observation Details

Date: 19 Dec 2014
Username: AnelileG
Organisation type: Consultancy
Organisation name: GroundTruth
Comments/notes:

Measured Parameters

Water clarity: 30.5 cm
Water temperature: °C
pH: 7.5 pH units
Dissolved oxygen: 8.24 mg/l
Electrical conductivity:

[New observation](#)

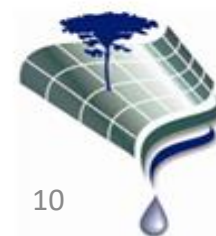
Groups

Present

Flat worms No
Worms No
Leeches No
Crabs/Shimps Yes
Stoneflies No
Minnow mayflies Yes
Other mayflies Yes
Damselflies No
Dragonflies No
Bugs/beetles Yes
Caddisflies No
True flies Yes
Snails No

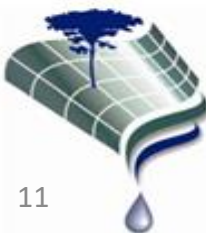
Average score: 5.80

Fair



The Water Clarity Tube

- Monitor river, stream, wetland, dam and Waste Water Treatment Works water clarity
- 1m long, 50mm external diameter tube constructed of 3 mm thick clear Perspex
- Measures water column visibility in aquatic ecosystem (cm)

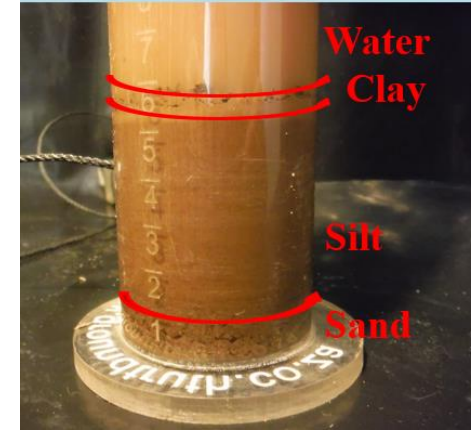


The Clarity Tube – SDG6b 1 - Water & Sanitation management



- Determining clarity, TSS and turbidity

- Modified water clarity tube = particle size assessment



There are discharge limits for TSS for WWTW effluent
(GLVs = 25 mg/L & Special Limit Value = 10 mg/L)

- Tied up with the Suspended Solids are NUTRIENTS = Eutrophication
- CBWQM – “operational dimension” of reporting & into governance



Transparent Velocity Head Rod (TVHR)



Measure water velocity and stream/river discharge

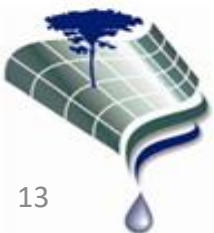
Use of principals of:

POTENTIAL ENERGY = KINETIC ENERGY

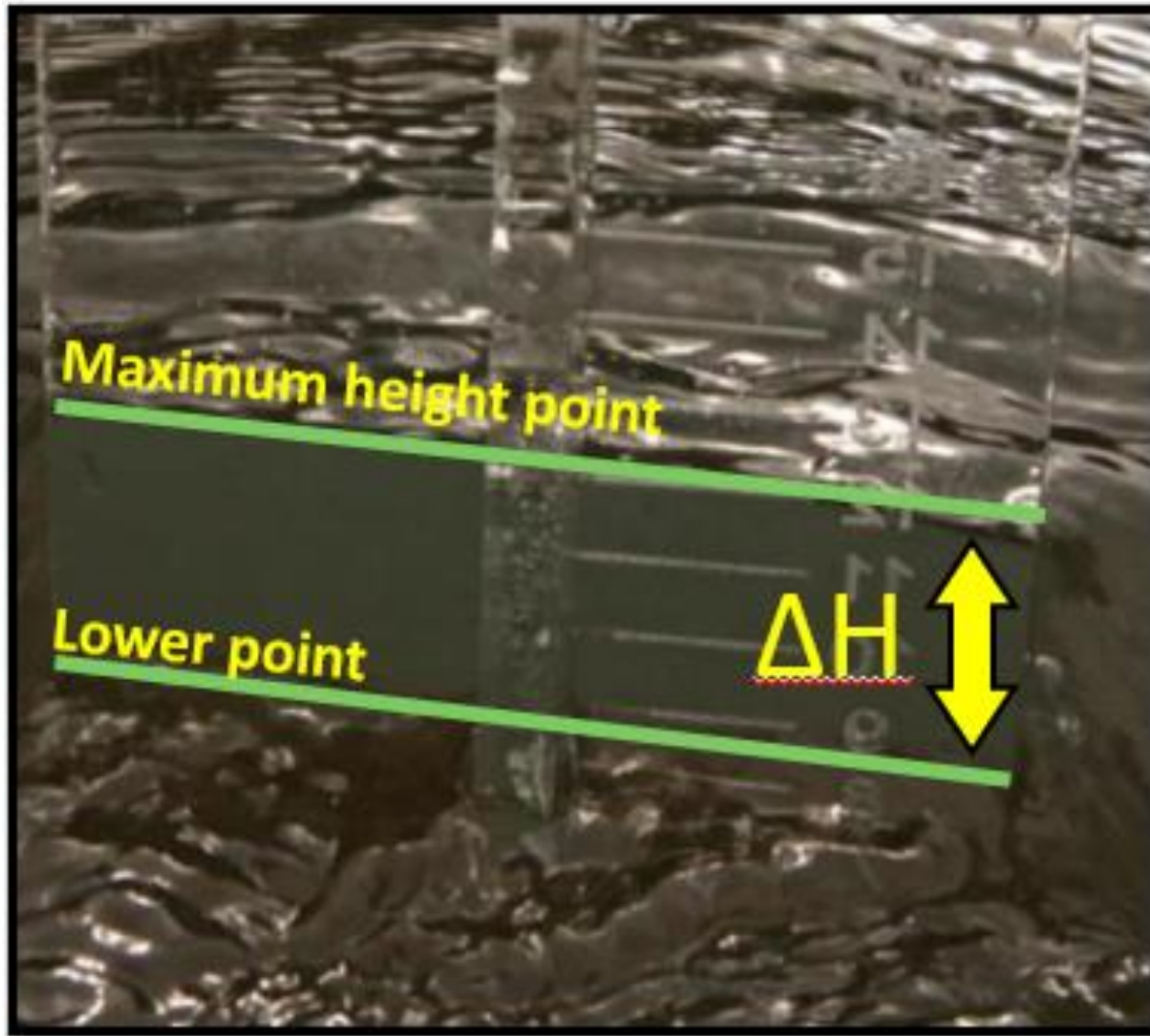
Resolve equations to link height to velocity

Equation:

Discharge = Area x Velocity ($\text{m}^3.\text{s}$)



Transparent Velocity Head Rod (TVHR)



7

Table of velocities

ΔH (cm)	Velocity (m/s)	ΔH (cm)	Velocity (m/s)	ΔH (cm)	Velocity (m/s)
0.5	0.12	5.5	0.80	10.5	1.17
1.0	0.24	6.0	0.84	11.0	1.20
1.5	0.33	6.5	0.88	11.5	1.23
2.0	0.41	7.0	0.92	12.0	1.26
2.5	0.48	7.5	0.96	12.5	1.29
3.0	0.54	8.0	1.00	13.0	1.32
3.5	0.60	8.5	1.03	13.5	1.34
4.0	0.65	9.0	1.07	14.0	1.37
4.5	0.70	9.5	1.10	14.5	1.40
5.0	0.75	10.0	1.13	15.0	1.43

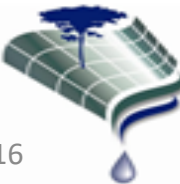
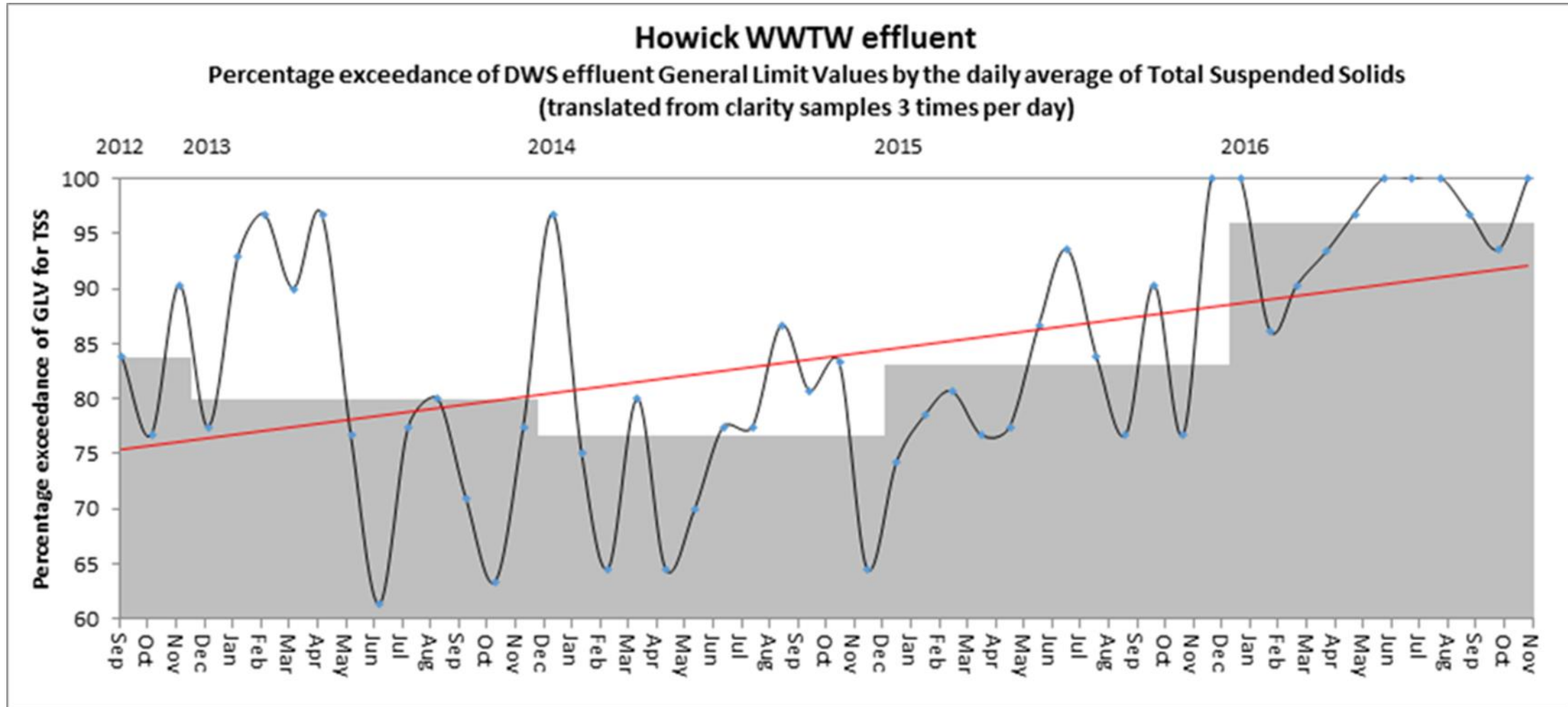


What have we learnt from Citizen Science? ~ HWWTW Case Study

- Easily accessible scientific 'Evidence' of the Howick WWTW performing PROGRESSIVELY poorly since 2012!
- Citizen Science vs Lab: Paired samples show increasing confidence in using clarity as a fairly reliable indicator of Howick WWTW performance as a TSS measure
- Catalyst for strengthening engagements & soliciting action from water authorities



HWWTW “Performance Trends”



Community of Practise :Events

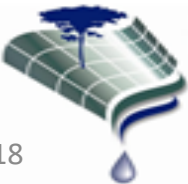
Mandela day 2017 – TBA, Amani Nature Reserve, Tanzania



What now?

~Advancing the scope of application for CS

- Why has scaling up of citizen sciences into Water Quality Management framework been seemingly slow?
- How do we change this beyond the scope of community projects?
- Increasing need to actively integrate CS into the various components of the Department's Water Monitoring Plans & partner Programmes i.e:
 - Water Quality/ River Bio-monitoring
 - Surface Water Monitoring (Gauging Stations)
 - Data management Strategy

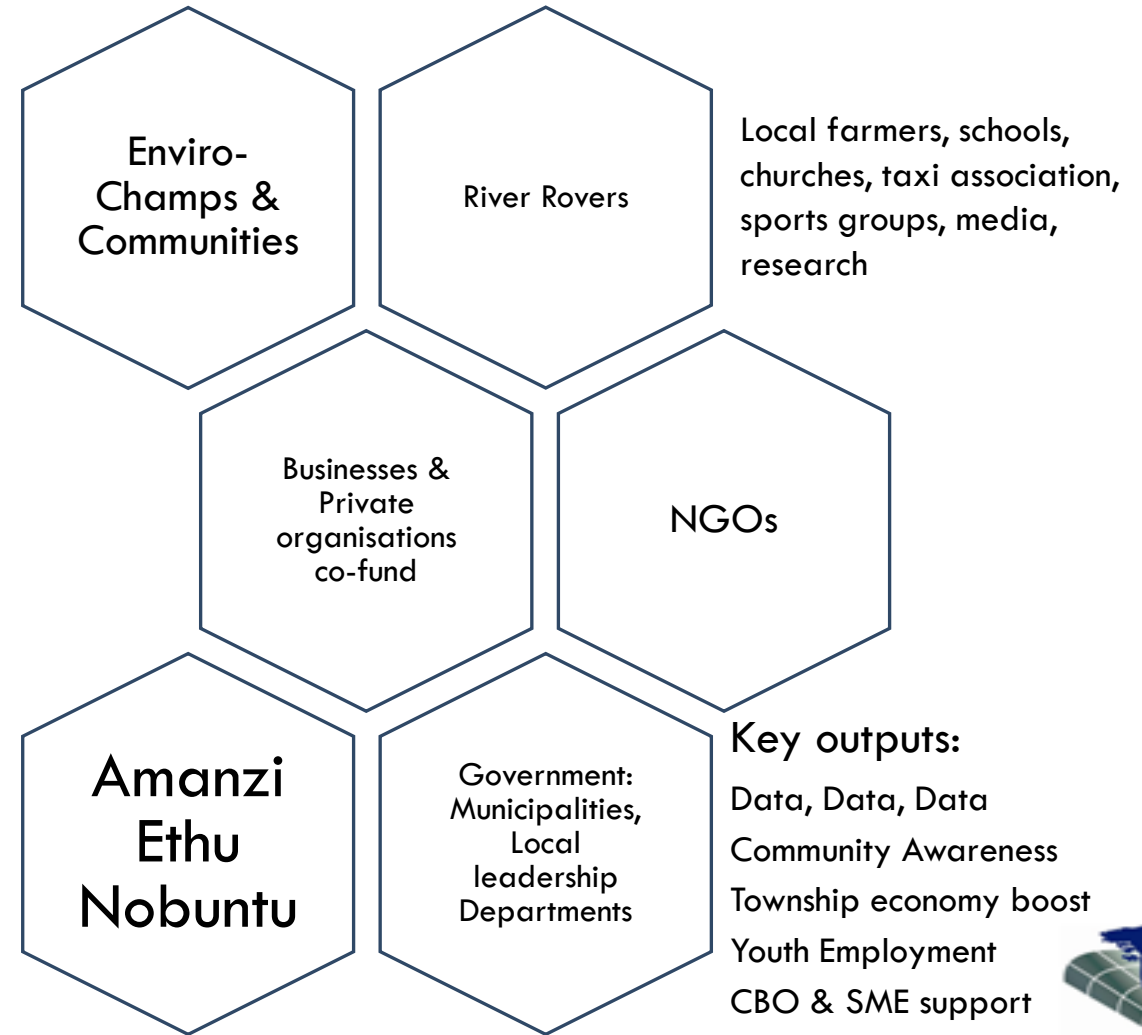


Citizen Science is Innovation

~Add Ubuntu & Society takes the lead



Multiple SDGs attained: Baynespruit at work SDG 6 & 17



IRWMC Objectives & Citizen Science

Terms of Reference	Citizen Science
<p>6. Aim Platform for data acquisition and management</p> <p>- <i>Hot spot monitoring & incident mapping</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Affordable and readily available quantified methods for data acquisition• Easy to implement in schools and communities• Effective and efficient data collection results in more detailed monitoring
<p>Baynespruit oil spill incident management</p>	